

Exam 1, October 18, 2014
90 minutes

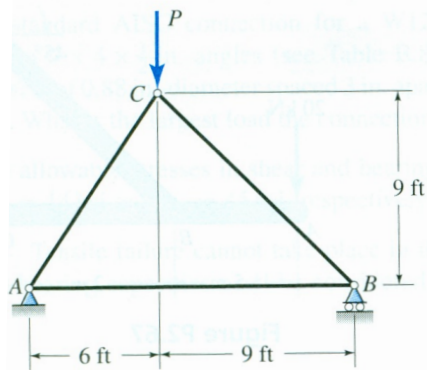
Name: _____

There are 2 pages, 4 problems. All are worth 25 points.

Exam is closed book, closed notes. No electronic devices except non-programmable calculators are allowed. Students using smartphones, PDA's, etc., for ANY reason will receive a Dean's warning.

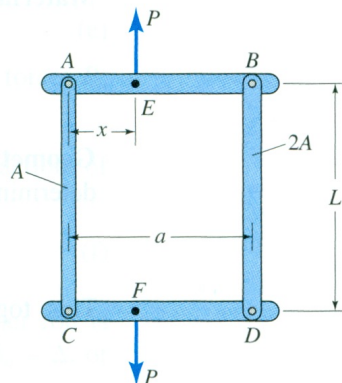
Time yourself....and Good Luck

1. A pin-connected truss is subjected to a vertical force $P=10$ kips, applied at joint C as shown in the figure. What is the required cross-sectional area of each member? The materials strengths are 20 ksi in tension and 14 ksi in compression. Use a factor of safety F.S.=2 in design. (25 pts)

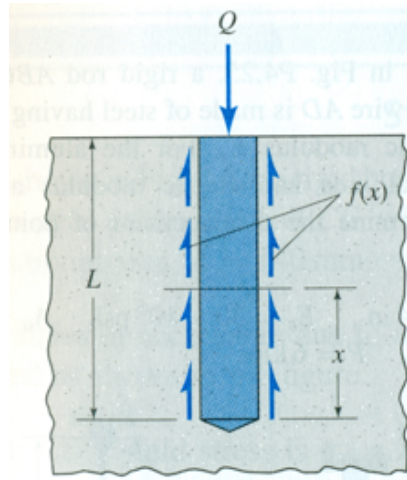


2. Two horizontal rigid members AB and CD are connected by bars as shown in the figure. The bars have length L , modulus of elasticity E , and cross-sectional area A and $2A$. Before the forces are applied, the distance between points E and F is equal to the length of the bars, L . Show that the change in distance; i.e., displacement, between the two points, E and F, at which the forces P are acting is given by:

$$\delta = \frac{PL}{AE} \left[1 - 2 \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right)^2 \right] \quad (25 \text{ pts})$$



3. A foundation pile of axial stiffness E and cross-sectional area A , which has been driven to a depth L in the ground, supports a vertical load Q , as depicted in the Figure. Assume that this load is resisted by a frictional force whose intensity varies parabolically, $f(x) = kx^2$. Here k , a constant, is to be found from the equilibrium of vertical forces. Determine the total shortening " Δ " of the pile in terms of Q , L , A and E as needed. (25 pts)



4. A steel rod and brass rod, each restrained at both ends, are fastened at their free end by a pin of diameter d , as shown in the figure. Compute the shear stress on the pin if the temperature drops by ΔT . (25 pts)

Given: $d = \frac{7}{8}$ in., $a = 3$ ft, $b = 4$ ft, $\Delta T = 40^\circ\text{C}$,
 $A_s = 1$ in.², $A_b = 1.5$ in.², $E_s = 29 \times 10^6$ psi, $E_b = 15 \times 10^6$ psi,
 $\alpha_s = 6.5 \times 10^{-6}/^\circ\text{F}$, $\alpha_b = 11.3 \times 10^{-6}/^\circ\text{F}$

